

Experiment Info:

Objective:

Experiment into:		
Planted:	4/24/2021	
Harvest:	9/27/2021	
Yield Goal:	70 bu/A	
Target Fert.:	0-36-146	
Variety: 17EB02		
Population:	130000	
Row Width:	30"	
Prev. Crop:	Corn	
Plot Size:	15 X 274/285	

Replications: 4

Soil Test Values (ppm):		
pH:	7	
CEC:	7.4	
%OM:	1.7	
Bray P1:	19	
Bicarb P:	10	
K:	73	
S:	4	
%K:	2.5	
%Mg:	23.6	
%Ca:	73	
%H:		
Zn:	1.2	
Mn:	6	
B:	.3	

To evaluate the possible benefits of potassium and/or sulfur applications to soybeans in the R3 growth stage.

Group 1.7 soybeans were planted, in 30" rows, on April 24th on low potassium soils of 73 ppm K and 2.5% base saturation. The standard program was 100 lbs/A MAP and 150 lbs/A potash dry fertilizer broadcasted early spring and a planter in-furrow mix of 1 gal/A Pro-Germinator + 2 gal/A Sure-K + 1 qt/A each of Micro 500 and Manganese. Soybeans grew well and were ready for an R3 sidedress application using 360 Yield Center Y-Drops on July 24th. Treatments consisted of a mixture of 10 gal/A of water and 1 gal/A accesS (5 lbs sulfur equivalent) or 10 gal/A water + 2 gal/A Kalibrate (20 lbs potassium and 4 lbs sulfur equivalent) and applied appropriately. Yields are shown in picture below.



Conclusions:

LSD(0.2)2.8,CV:6.1%

- Sidedress application of 1gal/A accesS increased yield by 2.1 bu/A.
- Kalibrate at 2 gal/A gave only a slight advantage to the accesS treatment.
- Y-Drop applications of accesS and Kalibrate offer the opportunities to increase soybean yield.